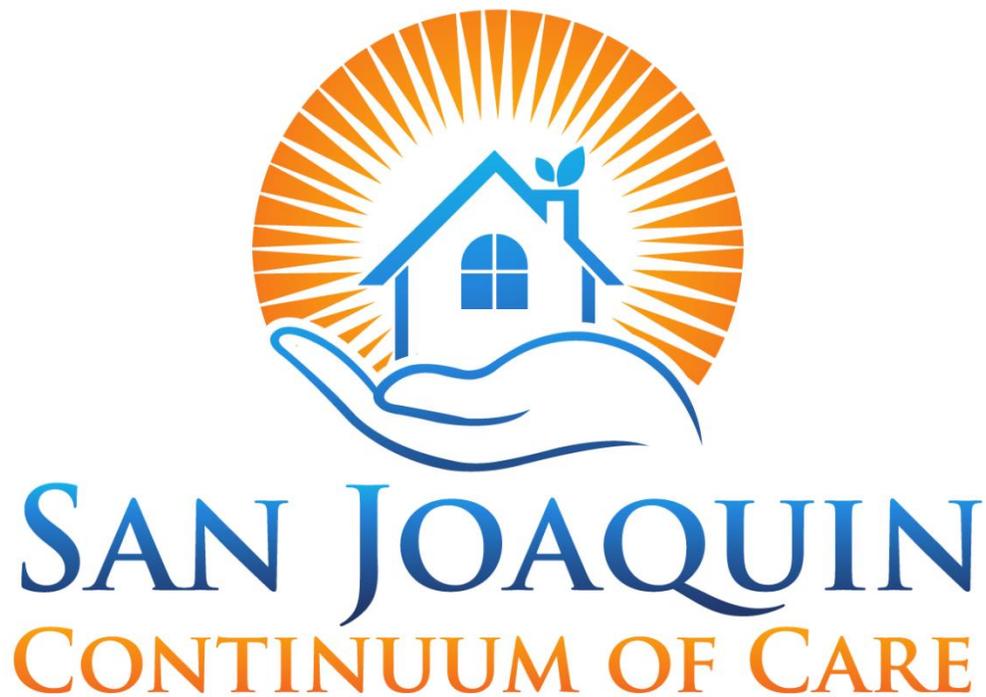


San Joaquin Continuum of Care
Report on the
Point in Time Count of the Sheltered
and Unsheltered Homeless

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Introduction

The San Joaquin Continuum of Care found 2,319 homeless individuals living in San Joaquin County during the last ten days of January 2022. Of those, 964 were sheltered and 1,355 were unsheltered.

Please see the appendices at the end of this report for comprehensive data regarding the results of the 2022 Point in Time Count of the Sheltered and Unsheltered Homeless.

In response to regulatory requirements for communities receiving a variety of funds from the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to address homelessness¹, the San Joaquin Continuum of Care (SJCoC) conducted a Point-in-Time (PIT) Count of both sheltered and unsheltered homeless persons during the last week of January 2022. The unsheltered count is obtained by engaging volunteers to collect data at one “point in time” throughout the SJCoC through surveys, observations, and supportive service events. The sheltered count is obtained through the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS). The Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act², adopted by Congress in 2012 to amend the McKinney-Vento Act, requires all CoC-funded organizations, and all organizations funded in whole or in part by Emergency Solutions Grant funds, to regularly enter data into a local HMIS. All such organizations within the SJCoC enter data daily regarding those served into the locally administered HMIS.

The Board of Directors and Membership of the SJCoC would like to thank everyone who participated in the 2022 Point in Time Count of the Sheltered and Unsheltered Homeless, without whom this report would not have been possible.

A special acknowledgement goes to SJCoC Board Director Kristen Birtwhistle and her staff at United Way of San Joaquin County, Tammy Shaff and Debbie Rinaldo from Dignity Health, and SJCoC Board Director Melinda Ramirez for their dedication and leadership in organizing this effort.

Executive Summary

During the last ten days of January 2022, through a massive volunteer effort including 315 people, the SJCoC counted 1,355 unsheltered homeless individuals living within the geographic region of San Joaquin County. Of those, 66% were in Stockton, 10% in Manteca, 9% in Tracy, 15% in Lodi. Data was collected by volunteers surveying or making observations about the unsheltered homeless throughout San Joaquin County; of the total unsheltered who were counted, 56% were surveyed with the remainder counted through observation. As much as possible, steps were taken to control for data quality issues resulting from human error during data collection. All data is self-reported by the individuals being surveyed.

HUD mandates that Continuums of Care across the US conduct a PIT count of the unsheltered homeless at least every other year. The last time the SJCoC conducted a PIT count of the unsheltered homeless was in January of 2019. At that time, 1,558 unsheltered homeless individuals were counted, utilizing 401 volunteers. Due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic starting in early 2020 and concerns for the health and safety of both PIT count volunteers and those experiencing homelessness, a count

¹ <https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/hdx/pit-hic/>

² <https://www.hudexchange.info/homelessness-assistance/hearth-act/>

planned for January 2021 was indefinitely canceled by the SJCoC with the approval of HUD until such time as it could be reasonably determined that an effort of this kind could be conducted safely. In Fall of 2021, HUD notified Continuums of Care that they would be required to move forward with a PIT count of the unsheltered homeless in 2022.

Unfortunately, San Joaquin County experienced a significant rise in COVID-19 cases during the month of January 2022. 49,096 new cases were reported during that month, representing a 46% increase in total cases³. While it is believed that unsheltered homelessness has probably trended upward in San Joaquin County over the past three years, particularly as a result of the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, the 13% decrease in total counted between the 2019 and 2022 PIT counts is most likely attributable in large part to a 21% drop in the number of volunteers in connection with a surge in the Omicron variant, resulting in many fewer individuals able to volunteer as either they had contracted COVID and needed to isolate or chose to isolate in order to avoid the virus. Additionally, a count was not conducted in Lathrop, Ripon, Escalon, and the unincorporated areas of the county as was done in 2019.

Data Summary

The following are the results of the 2019 unsheltered PIT count for each city within San Joaquin County, and the unincorporated areas⁴:

- Stockton: 921
- Manteca: 218
- Tracy: 155
- Lodi: 139
- Lathrop: 14
- Ripon: 7
- Escalon: 4
- Unincorporated County: 100

The following are the results of the 2022 unsheltered PIT count, including the percentage increase or decrease determined in comparison to 2019 figures:

- Stockton: 893 (-3%)
- Manteca: 129 (-41%)
- Tracy: 124 (-20%)
- Lodi: 208 (+50%)
- Lathrop: 0*
- Ripon: 0*
- Escalon: 0*
- Unincorporated County: 0*

**no count was conducted in these areas in 2022*

³ <http://www.sjcphs.org/Disease/Epidemiology.aspx>

⁴ <http://www.sanjoaquinoc.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/04/San-Joaquin-Continuum-of-Care-Report-on-the-2019-Point-in-Time-Count.pdf>

Other key findings from the 2022 unsheltered PIT count:

- 66% of those counted were male, with 34% female
- 69% were of Caucasian descent, 20% of African descent, 3% of Asian descent, 2% indigenous persons, and 6% identifying as multi-racial or “Other”
- 30% were of Hispanic/Latino ethnicity
- 48% identified as “chronically homeless”
- 77% reported that they first became homeless San Joaquin County
- 75% reported being homeless for at least one year
- 37% reported having cash income, with all qualifying as “extremely low income”
- 46% reported having non-cash benefits such as food stamps
- 71% reported having access to medical insurance
- 33% reported a problem with substance abuse
- 33% reported a mental health issue
- 38% had a pet
- 2% were between the ages of 18 and 24
- 11% were age 62 or older
- 6% identified as military veterans

Totals from previous PIT counts of the unsheltered homeless⁵:

- 2019: 1,558*
- 2017: 567
- 2015: 515
- 2013: 263
- 2011: 247
- 2009: 165
- 2007: 271
- 2005: 511**

**Figures from 2019 were collected by a total of 401 volunteers, as opposed to 35 volunteers for the previous count in 2017. The significant increase in total number of unsheltered individuals counted was primarily as a result of the 1,045% increase in the number of volunteers counting.*

***Figures from 2005 included migrant farm workers, which were not included in later counts per federal guidance.*

Youth PIT Count Pilot

In 2022, the SJCOG piloted a separate youth PIT count to better understand the challenges in identifying and measuring unaccompanied and unsheltered youth. In alignment with HUD and our local Youth Action Board, the survey was developed to be inclusive to youth of all ages regardless of where they may have slept the previous night. In partnership with the San Joaquin County Office of Education, the survey was developed digitally in both English and Spanish. Ultimately, the survey was led by Women’s

⁵ <https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/coc/coc-homeless-populations-and-subpopulations-reports/>

Center-Youth & Family Services and administered to 253 individuals under the age of 25. Key findings include the following:

- Approximately three percent (3.16%) indicated they were “homeless” on the previous night:
 - Majority (62.5%) identified as Female
 - Majority (62.5%) identified as Black/African American
- More than 16 percent provided answers correlating to homelessness for the following question:
 - How long have you been homeless? (16.9%)
 - How many times have you been homeless in the past three years? (16.9%)
 - How long have you been homeless in San Joaquin County? (16.2)

Analysis

Increased public interest on the issue of homelessness, and the SJCoC’s consequent ability to engage far more volunteers to support the count effort than was possible prior to 2019, has manifestly improved our understanding of unsheltered homelessness in San Joaquin County. Since that time, there have been a multitude of local initiatives to expand our system of housing and services for those experiencing homelessness which provides hope for progress towards the goal of making homelessness rare, brief, and non-recurring in San Joaquin County⁶. It seems, however, that these much-needed new beds of low-barrier emergency shelter and new units of permanent supportive housing cannot be brought online nearly fast enough.

Results from the 2022 count indicate that much of the unsheltered homeless living in San Joaquin County remain mired in long-term homelessness and face significant individual barriers to obtaining stable housing. Those barriers include lack of income, lack of recent housing and employment history, criminal history, profound physical and mental health challenges, and struggles with substance abuse. Meanwhile, there are systemic barriers to entering stable housing that must be addressed in order to effectively mitigate homelessness in the region. Without a doubt, low-barrier emergency shelter is a critically important component of any homeless services system, but shelter is only effective if an individual or household is able to move quickly from shelter and into permanent living situations.

Housing is the solution to homelessness, and inadequate housing impacts communities in profound ways and at every level, for example:

- Public resistance to the placement of new permanent supportive housing and shelter facilities, colloquially referred to as “Not In My Back Yard” or “NIMBY”, restricts the ability of affordable housing developers and units of local government to expand capacity for those essential solutions.
- Throughout California⁷, the high demand and low availability of rental housing continues to drive up the cost of rent, creating significant market pressures for all citizens, not just those experiencing homelessness.

⁶ <https://www.recordnet.com/story/news/local/2021/09/01/san-joaquin-county-approves-millions-for-programs-fight-homelessness/5653393001/>

⁷ <https://1p08d91kd0c03rlxhmhtydpr-wpengine.netdna-ssl.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/California-Affordable-Housing-Needs-Report-2022.pdf>

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- Rental assistance programs which rely on agreement from local landlords to lease to qualified homeless individuals remain underutilized as multi-family housing occupancy rates at all market levels consistently remain near 100% and landlords refuse to lease to voucher clients.
- Individuals exiting incarceration find they have little or no housing options upon release, contributing to higher rates of recidivism within the criminal justice system.
- Progress made by mental health services staff to stabilize individuals in crisis is frustrated by a lack of housing options for these vulnerable groups, resulting in significant recidivism within that system.
- Emergency departments in local hospitals throughout San Joaquin County are frequently inundated by those experiencing homelessness and lack reasonable options to discharge these patients to safe housing, creating critical capacity issues for already limited health services and emergency shelter operations unequipped to provide aftercare.
- Developing new housing remains a difficult and expensive process, with numerous hurdles at the community and government levels.

Whatever issues an individual is experiencing in their lives which restricts their ability to acquire or maintain stable housing, those issues are dramatically compounded by the high cost and low availability of housing in San Joaquin County.

Progress

In the 2019 PIT count report, the SJCoC put forward several suggestions for reducing rates of homelessness in San Joaquin County (below in italics). The following is an update on progress regarding those suggestions:

- *Expand emergency shelter capacity through the construction of new low-barrier shelter facilities.*
 - Since 2019, 788 new beds of low-barrier emergency shelter have been funded for expansions at Stockton Shelter for the Homeless and Gospel Center Rescue Mission, and new emergency shelters are under development in the cities of Lodi, Manteca, and Tracy, as well as a new acute care facility in French Camp specifically for chronically homeless clients experiencing co-occurring disorder⁸. Once all beds are brought online, with about 45% of beds planned to be opened by the first quarter of 2023, the aggregate capacity of the emergency shelter system in San Joaquin County will have more than doubled.
- *Expand permanent housing capacity for those with no or extremely low income, and create direct pathways from emergency shelters to alleviate the “bottleneck” within those programs.*
 - Since 2019, 251 new units of permanent and permanent supportive housing have been brought online or are currently in development.
- *Develop housing with robust support services targeting specific populations experiencing homelessness, such as those with severe physical or mental health issues and substance use disorders.*

⁸ <https://www.samhsa.gov/medication-assisted-treatment/medications-counseling-related-conditions/co-occurring-disorders>

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- Since 2019, of the 251 new units or permanent or permanent supportive housing added to the system, 76 were designed for homeless behavioral health clients. The County of San Joaquin has provided funding to support the development of an additional 51 new units for this sub-population and continues to seek opportunities to expand this strategy.
- *Prioritize the development of market-rate rental housing to meet the current demand in San Joaquin County.*
 - Progress on expanding market-rate multi-family housing has unfortunately been inadequate: there were only 516 units delivered to the Stockton/Modesto market in 2021, and since 2019 market occupancy in the region remains greater than 99% year over year⁹.
- *Encourage collaboration between local governments and the San Joaquin Continuum of Care to focus entitlement dollars and other discretionary resources on projects which meet key strategic priorities to reduce rates of homelessness throughout San Joaquin County.*
 - At a joint meeting of the San Joaquin County Board of Supervisors and Stockton City Council held on May 30, 2019, both governing bodies voted unanimously to designate the San Joaquin Continuum of Care as the “backbone agency” through which County and City staff are expected to work to develop and implement homelessness initiatives within their respective jurisdictions, which has informed much of that work going forward¹⁰. There have been numerous other examples of collaboration and coordination between the SJCoC and local government.
- *Develop new project-based housing, and incentivize local landlords to accept housing vouchers, to fully utilize existing rental assistance programs and create capacity for future expansion.*
 - Many of the affordable units added since 2019 utilized project-based rental assistance, and work is ongoing to continue developing project-based housing for those experiencing homelessness. Tenant-based rental assistance also expanded through investments from COVID response funding such as the CARES Act and the American Rescue Plan. Those one-time funding sources have in part been utilized locally to pilot successful landlord incentives programs to capitalize on these investments and increase voucher utilization.

In addition, homelessness prevention assistance expanded dramatically through investments from COVID response funding such as the CARES Act and the American Rescue Plan, and many eviction-prevention measures were enacted by federal, state, and local governments. As a result, in San Joaquin County the number of “first time homeless” who were enrolled in an emergency shelter or transitional housing program decreased by 33.98% from FY2018 – 2019 to FY2019 – 2020, and by 9.9% from FY2019 – 2020 to FY2020 – 2021. Starting in 2020, the SJCoC in partnership with the City of Stockton and

⁹ <https://www.colliers.com/en/research/sacramento/2021-year-end-northwest-multifamily-market-research-report>

¹⁰ http://sanjoaquincountyca.iqm2.com/Citizens/Detail_Meeting.aspx?ID=2315

County of San Joaquin engaged technical assistance from Homebase¹¹ to develop a five-year strategic plan to guide policy and funding implementation for homelessness initiatives in San Joaquin County. That document, called the San Joaquin Community Response to Homelessness Strategic Plan¹², sets goals and strategies for policymakers and local government staff to consider when making decisions regarding the use of available resources to address a wide range of issues related to homelessness. In 2022, the SJCoC released an Impact Report¹³ detailing community-wide accomplishments in the first year, including expansions of low-barrier emergency shelter, additions of new units of affordable housing, and progress in data collection and coordinated entry systems¹⁴.

Conclusion

Regional collaboration is the foundation of effective strategies aiming to reduce homelessness. Since 2019, there have been unprecedented local investments in the expansion of shelter, supportive housing, and services, and it is anticipated that additional targeted funding from the State of California will be made available for at least the next two budget cycles¹⁵. Policy makers must necessarily direct staff working in local government to facilitate integrated strategies informed by best practice and expertise to bring together these resources efficiently and effectively. Expanding services for chronically homeless individuals living day-to-day unsheltered, including strategies involving street outreach, mental health outpatient care, and treatment for substance abuse and co-occurring disorder, will be necessary to realizing a reduction in unsheltered homelessness in Stockton and throughout San Joaquin County.

While programs that include robust wraparound services are essential to addressing the individualized nature of homelessness, there are systemic issues contributing to unsheltered homelessness which will require a much greater level of community investment in order to solve. Cooperation between local governments, private business, and community-based organizations will be essential to finding long-lasting solutions to what is certainly the most complex and intractable problem of our generation. Despite these investments, the persistent lack of adequate affordable housing, and indeed adequate housing at every level of the market, will continue to frustrate visible reductions in the region's rate of homelessness, particularly for those highest-needs unsheltered homeless groups which often contribute to the most visible effects of homelessness within our community. Multiple quality of life issues for our citizens will be compounded by a lack of adequate housing unless local communities work together across jurisdictions and at the highest levels of leadership to alleviate the significant political and economic barriers to housing solutions that have resulted in the current crisis. And while regional approaches to solving entrenched systemic problems of employment and services delivery will require participation from every jurisdiction, those approaches must be supported by the creation of new units of permanent affordable housing, particularly for extremely low-income households.

For San Joaquin County, the immense challenges associated with reducing homelessness during this housing crisis will require unprecedented cooperation. The support for the PIT count that local communities provided to the San Joaquin Continuum of Care in accomplishing this critical component of

¹¹ <https://www.homebaseccc.org/>

¹² <http://www.sanjoaquinccoc.org/strategic-plan/>

¹³ <http://www.sanjoaquinccoc.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/SJCoC-Strategic-Plan-Impact-Report-2020-2021.pdf>

¹⁴ <https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/Coordinated-Entry-Policy-Brief.pdf>

¹⁵ <https://lao.ca.gov/Publications/Report/4521>

understanding the scope of homelessness in our region sets the example for how we will work together to solve an issue which is amongst the most difficult that we face today. No single action or effort will make homelessness rare, brief, and non-recurring. But the data in this examination supports the conclusion that the broad variety of actions and approaches described by the San Joaquin Community Response to Homelessness Strategic Plan will address the unique and varied nature of our community's homeless population, and will likely facilitate reductions in rates of homelessness in San Joaquin County.

Appendix A: Sheltered and Unsheltered General Data

2022 Point-in-Time Count CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Persons in Households with at least one Adult and one Child

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total Number of Households	147	13	0	160
Total Number of persons (Adults & Children)	445	42	0	487
Number of Persons (under age 18)	298	28	0	326
Number of Persons (18 - 24)	27	0	0	27
Number of Persons (over age 24)	120	14	0	134

Gender (adults and children)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	265	27	0	292
Male	180	15	0	195
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (adults and children)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	304	18	0	322
Hispanic/Latino	141	24	0	165

2022 Point-in-Time Count CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

Race (adults and children)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	199	27	0	226
Black or African-American	117	10	0	127
Asian	18	0	0	18
American Indian or Alaska Native	19	1	0	20
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	14	0	0	14
Multiple Races	78	4	0	82

Chronically Homeless (adults and children)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total number of households	6		0	6
Total number of persons	15		0	15

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Persons in Households with only Children

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total Number of Households	0	2	0	1	3
Total Number of children (under age 18)	0	2	0	1	3

Gender (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Female	0	0	0	1	1
Male	0	2	0	0	2
Transgender	0	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	0	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	0	2	0	1	3
Hispanic/Latino	0	0	0	0	0

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Race (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional			
White	0	2	0	1	3
Black or African-American	0	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0
Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0

Chronically Homeless (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total number of persons	0		0	0	0

2022 Point-in-Time Count CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Persons in Households without Children

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total Number of Households	359	116	0	1,354	1,829
Total Number of persons (Adults)	359	116	0	1,354	1,829
Number of Persons (18 - 24)	28	9	0	32	69
Number of Persons (over age 24)	331	107	0	1,322	1,760

Gender (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Female	101	39	0	458	598
Male	256	77	0	891	1,224
Transgender	0	0	0	2	2
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	1	0	0	1	2

Ethnicity (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	240	85	0	943	1,268
Hispanic/Latino	119	31	0	411	561

2022 Point-in-Time Count CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

Race (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
White	226	79	0	929	1,234
Black or African-American	94	27	0	271	392
Asian	8	5	0	35	48
American Indian or Alaska Native	4	2	0	23	29
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	4	1	0	7	12
Multiple Races	23	2	0	89	114

Chronically Homeless (adults and children)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total number of persons	138		0	656	794

2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Date of PIT Count: 1/30/2022

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Total Households and Persons

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total Number of Households	508	131	0	1,355	1,992
Total Number of Persons	804	160	0	1,355	2,319
Number of Children (under age 18)	298	30	0	1	329
Number of Persons (18 to 24)	55	9	0	32	96
Number of Persons (over age 24)	451	121	0	1322	1,894

Gender

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Female	366	66	0	459	891
Male	436	94	0	891	1,421
Transgender	0	0	0	2	2
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	1	0	0	1	2

Ethnicity

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	544	105	0	944	1,593
Hispanic/Latino	260	55	0	411	726

Race

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2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Point In Time Summary for CA-511 - Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
White	425	108	0	930	1,463
Black or African-American	211	37	0	271	519
Asian	28	5	0	35	66
American Indian or Alaska Native	23	3	0	23	49
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	18	1	0	7	26
Multiple Races	101	6	0	89	196

Chronically Homeless	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total number of persons	153		0	656	809

Appendix B: Sheltered and Unsheltered Sub-population Data

Additional Homeless Populations Summary for CA-511 - Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

Date of PIT Count: 1/30/2022
 Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Other Homeless Subpopulations

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Adults with a Serious Mental Illness	105	13	0	449	567
Adults with a Substance Use Disorder	102	60	0	440	602
Adults with HIV/AIDS	1	9	0	0	10
Adult Survivors of Domestic Violence	21	1	0	10	32

2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Inventory Count Date: 1/30/2022

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Unaccompanied Youth Households

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total Number of unaccompanied youth households	28	11	0	33	72
Total number of unaccompanied youth	28	11	0	33	72
Number of unaccompanied children (under age 18)	0	2	0	1	3
Number of unaccompanied young adults (age 18 to 24)	28	9	0	32	69

Gender (unaccompanied youth)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Female	15	6	0	15	36
Male	12	5	0	18	35
Transgender	0	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	0	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (unaccompanied youth)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	20	7	0	26	53
Hispanic/Latino	8	4	0	7	19

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Point-in-Time Count CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC (2022)

Race (unaccompanied youth)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
White	14	7	0	26	47
Black or African-American	8	3	0	7	18
Asian	1	0	0	0	1
American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	0	0	1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1	0	0	0	1
Multiple Races	3	1	0	0	4

Chronically Homeless (unaccompanied youth)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total number of persons	0		0	7	7

2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Inventory Count Date: 1/30/2022

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Parenting Youth Households

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total number of parenting youth households	16	0	0	16
Total number of persons in parenting youth households	50	0	0	50
Total Parenting Youth (youth parents only)	27	0	0	27
Total Children in Parenting Youth Households	23	0	0	23
Number of parenting youth (under age 18)	0	0	0	0
Children in households with parenting youth under age 18 (children under age 18 with parent under 18)	0	0	0	0
Number of parenting youth (age 18 to 24)	27	0	0	27
Children in households with parenting youth age 18 to 24 (children under age 18 with parents under age 25)	23	0	0	23

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Point-in-Time Count CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC (2022)

Gender (parenting youth)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	18	0	0	18
Male	11	0	0	11
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (parenting youth)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	18	0	0	18
Hispanic/Latino	11	0	0	11

Race (parenting youth)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	18	0	0	18
Black or African-American	8	0	0	8
Asian	0	0	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	0	1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0
Multiple Races	0	0	0	0

Point-in-Time Count Veterans CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC (2022)

Inventory Count Date: 1/30/2022

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Persons in Households with at least one Adult and one Child

	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total Number of Households	1	0	0	1
Total Number of Persons	5	0	0	5
Total Number of Veterans	1	0	0	1

Gender (veterans only)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Female	0	0	0	0
Male	1	0	0	1
Transgender	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (veterans only)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	0	0	0	0
Hispanic/Latino	1	0	0	1

2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Point-in-Time Count Veterans CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC (2022)

Race (veterans only)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
White	1	0	0	1
Black or African-American	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0
Multiple Races	0	0	0	0

Chronically Homeless (veterans only)	Sheltered		Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional		
Total number of households	0		0	0
Total number of persons	0		0	0

2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Inventory Count Date: 1/30/2022

Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Persons in Households without Children

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total Number of Households	33	3	0	90	126
Total Number of Persons	33	3	0	90	126
Total Number of Veterans	33	3	0	90	126

Gender (veterans only)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Female	0	0	0	8	8
Male	33	3	0	82	118
Transgender	0	0	0	0	0
Gender Non-Conforming (i.e. not exclusively male or female)	0	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity (veterans only)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	27	3	0	72	102
Hispanic/Latino	6	0	0	18	24

2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Point-in-Time Count CA-511 Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC (2022)

Race (veterans only)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
White	18	2	0	55	75
Black or African-American	9	1	0	24	34
Asian	2	0	0	2	4
American Indian or Alaska Native	2	0	0	1	3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	1	1
Multiple Races	2	0	0	7	9

Chronically Homeless (veterans only)	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total number of persons	18		0	23	41

Point-in-Time Summary Veterans for CA-511 - Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

Date of PIT Count: 1/30/2022
 Population: Sheltered and Unsheltered Count

Total Households and Persons

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total Number of Households	34	3	0	90	127
Total Number of Persons	38	3	0	90	131
Total Number of Veterans	34	3	0	90	127

Gender

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Female	0	0	0	8	8
Male	34	3	0	82	119
Transgender (male to female)	0	0	0	0	0
Transgender (female to male)	0	0	0	0	0

Ethnicity

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	27	3	0	72	102
Hispanic/Latino	7	0	0	18	25

Race

	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		

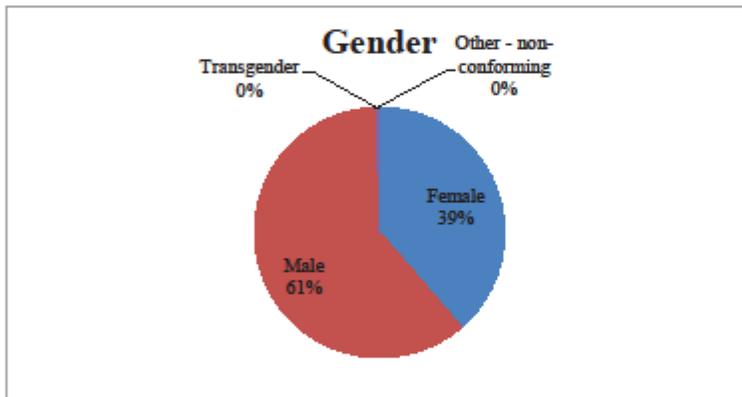
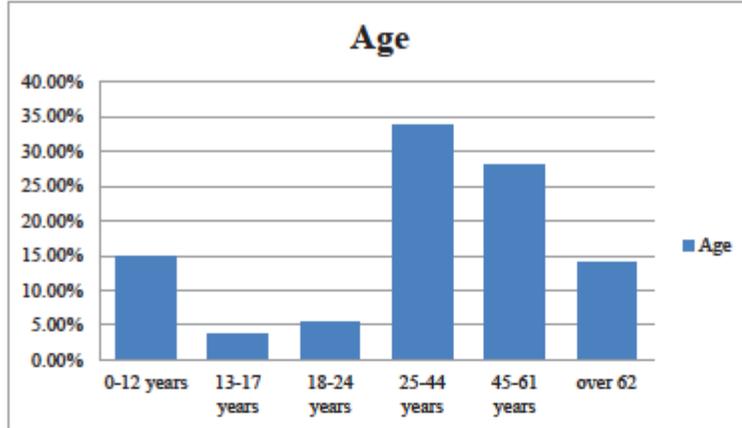
2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

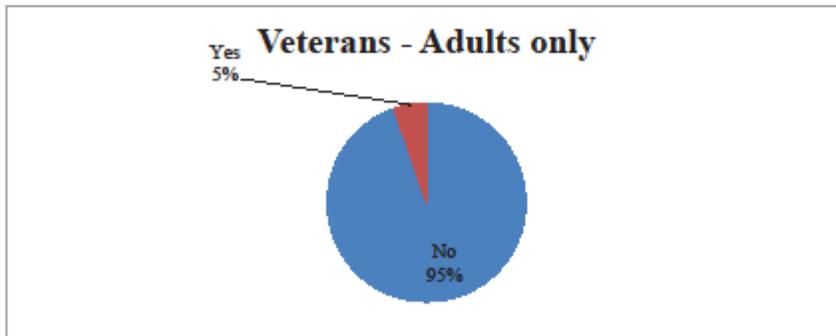
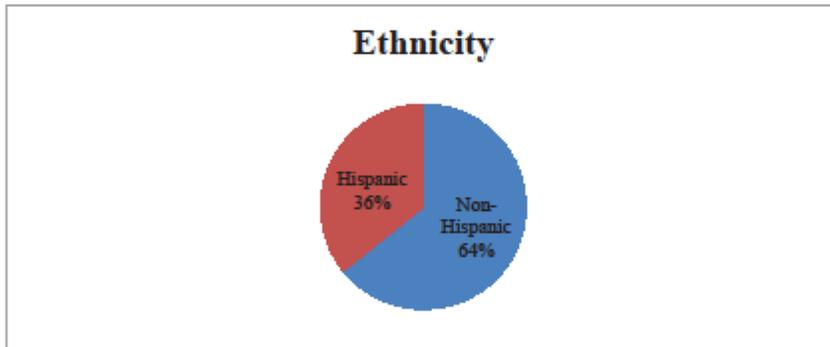
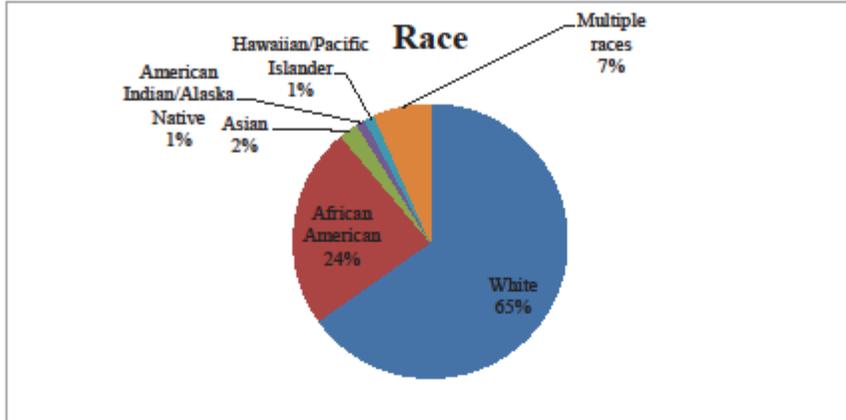
Point In Time Summary for CA-511 - Stockton/San Joaquin County CoC

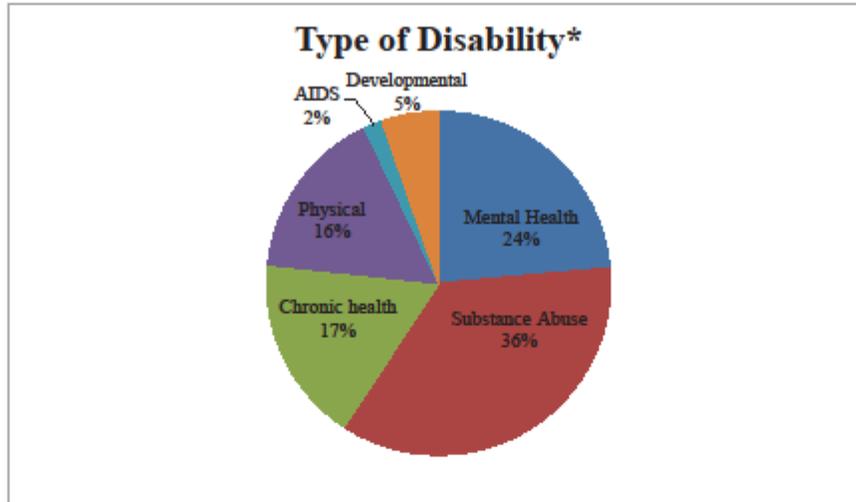
White	19	2	0	55	76
Black or African-American	9	1	0	24	34
Asian	2	0	0	2	4
American Indian or Alaska Native	2	0	0	1	3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	1	1
Multiple Races	2	0	0	7	9

Chronically Homeless	Sheltered			Unsheltered	Total
	Emergency	Transitional	Safe Haven		
Total number of persons	18		0	23	41

Appendix C: Sheltered Data Graphs

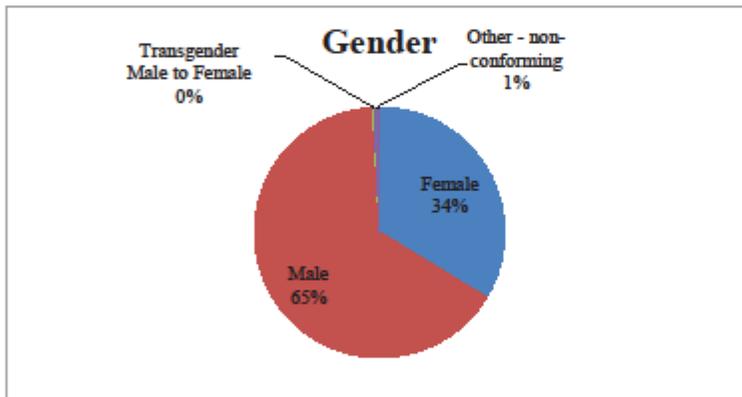
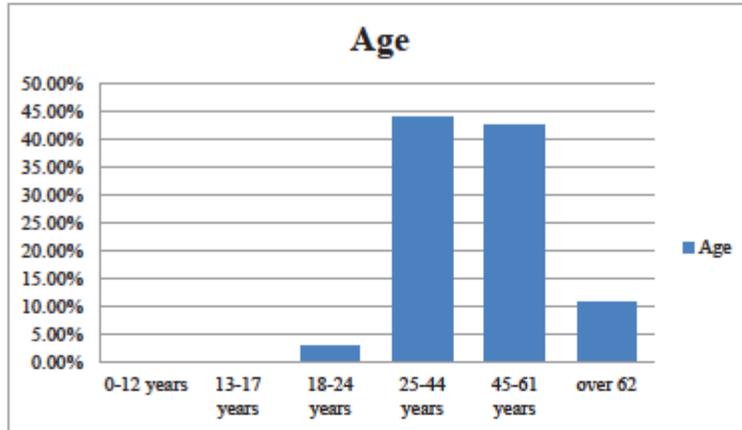


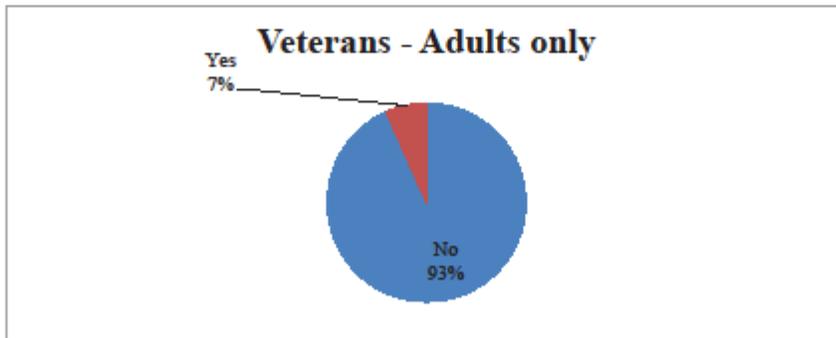
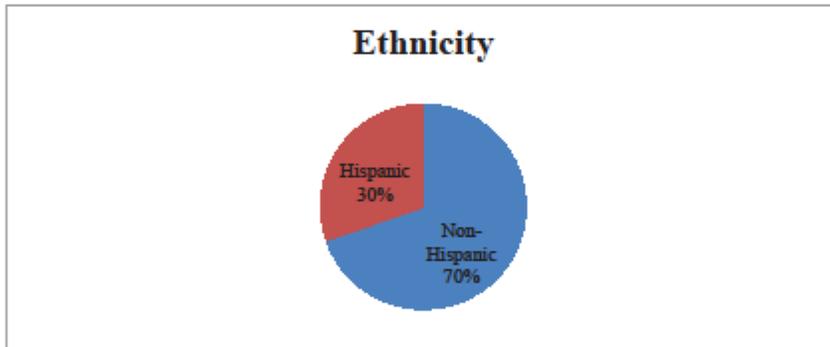
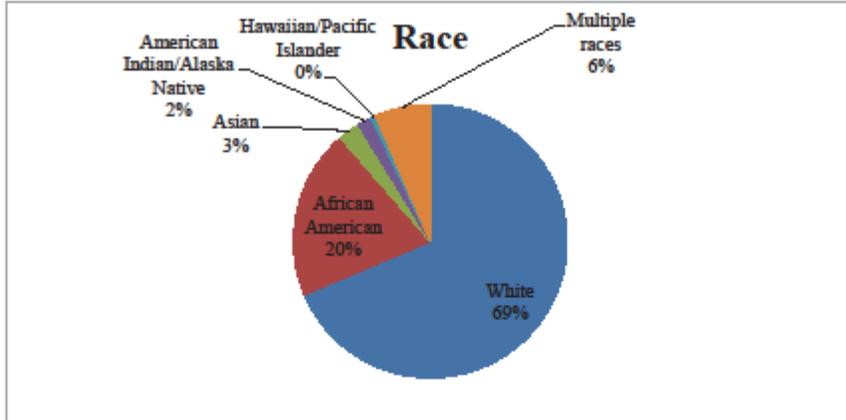


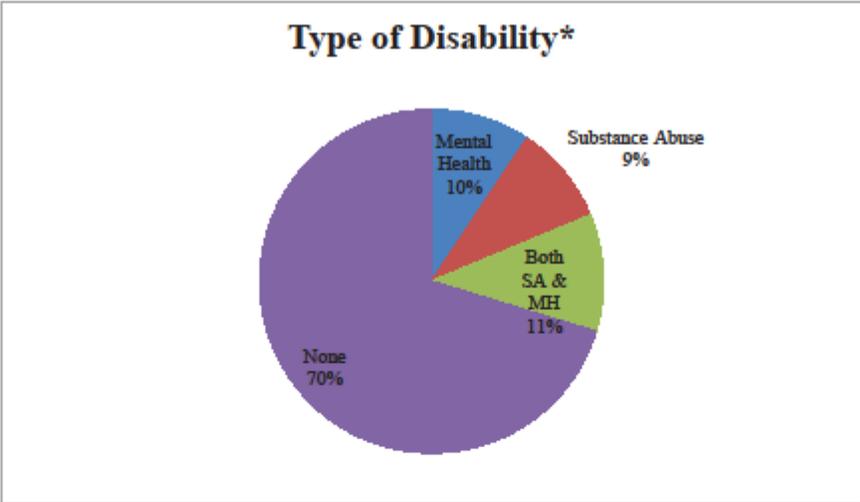


NOTE: As part of the sheltered data, all information is self-reported and allows for an adult to report more than one disability or barrier. The total percentage may be more than 100%.

Appendix D: Unsheltered Data Graphs







NOTE: As part of the unsheltered surveys, only self-reported data on persons with mental health issues and/or substance abuse issues was collected.

Appendix E: Unsheltered Survey Data by City

	Lodi	Manteca	Tracy	Stockton
Gender				
Male	66%	70%	68%	65%
Female	34%	30%	32%	35%
Race				
Native/indigenous	2%	0.5%	2%	2%
Asian	2%	2%	0%	3%
Black	5%	8.5%	18%	25.5%
Pacific Islander	0.5%	0%	2%	0.5%
White	83%	79%	74%	63%
Multi-racial	7.5%	9%	5%	6%
Ethnicity				
Hispanic	29%	29%	30%	31%
non-Hispanic	71%	71%	70%	69%
Chronically homeless	44%	46%	51%	49%
Location first homeless				
This community	70%	72%	57%	82%
Other in San Joaquin County	9%	12%	12%	5%
Outside San Joaquin County	21%	17%	30%	13%
Length of time homeless				
One year or more	82%	85%	84%	83%
Less than a year	8%	8%	1%	6%
Less than 6 months	6%	3%	4%	4%
Less than 3 months	3%	3%	10%	6%
Reported cash income				
	46%	14%	32%	39%
Reported non-cash benefits				
	46%	29%	30%	53%
Medical insurance				
	77%	64%	62%	73%
Reported substance issue				
	33%	40%	24%	33%
Reported mental health issue				
	29%	26%	24%	36%
Reported having a pet				
	32%	25%	30%	44%
Between age of 18-24				
	2%	2%	2%	2%
Age 62 or older				
	16%	7%	12%	10%
Veterans				
	12.5%	5%	5%	6%

Appendix F: Survey Tool

Stockton Lodi Manteca Tracy Other: _____
Please give a nearest intersection/address for this location: _____

2022 SAN JOAQUIN CONTINUUM OF CARE UNSHELTERED HOMELESS SURVEY

If you are unable to survey an individual, use Observation Tool on reverse side

Introduction: Hi, my name is _____, and I'd like to ask you a few questions that will help us count the number of homeless people in San Joaquin County and provide more services for the homeless. This survey is voluntary and all personal information will be kept confidential and will not be shared with law enforcement.

1: Where did you sleep last night? *If the answer is any of the following, continue the survey, otherwise thank them and go to the next person.* Street, park, under a bridge, by the river, any open space, in a car/camper, in a tent, abandoned building, any place not meant for human habitation.

2. Name: _____ **Date of Birth** _____

3. Social Security number last four digits: _____

4. Gender: M F Transgender Gender Non-Conforming No Answer

5.a. What racial group do you identify with? (check all that apply)

American Indian/Alaska Native Asian
 Black/African American Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
 White Declines to answer

5.b. Are you Hispanic/Latinx? Yes No

6. Have you served in the U.S. Armed Forces (Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, Coast Guard, National Guard, Reserves, etc.)? Yes No

7. Did you have any pets with you last night? Yes No How many? _____

8. How long have you been homeless? _____

9. How many times have you been homeless in the past three years? _____

10. How long have you been homeless in San Joaquin County? _____

11. What city were you in when you first became homeless? _____

12. Has using alcohol or drugs ever caused you problems, such as trouble keeping a job, damaging a relationship, missing appointments, getting hurt, or blacking out? Yes No

13. Has a professional ever recommended you enter treatment for alcohol or drugs, or have you received treatment for alcohol or drugs? Yes No

14. Have you ever had problems related to your mental health, such as depression, anxiety, PTSD, etc.?
 Yes No

15. Have you ever received treatment for a mental health issue? Yes No

16. Have you ever been formally diagnosed with a mental health issue? Yes No

17. Have you ever been diagnosed with a disability of any kind? Yes No

18. Do you have regular access to medical care? Yes No
 Medi-Cal/Medicare Disability (State/Federal) Veterans Other _____

Stockton Lodi Manteca Tracy Other: _____
Please give a nearest intersection/address for this location: _____

19. Do you have any income from the following sources? (check all that apply)

Regular full or part-time job Social Security (SSI, SSA) TANF/Cash Aid/Welfare
 Disability (State or Federal) Veteran's Pension Other: _____

20. Do you receive food stamps? Yes No

21. What is the primary reason you left your last stable housing situation?

Chose to leave Forced to leave Don't know Refuse to answer

22. What is the highest grade of school that you have completed? _____

23. Are you currently pregnant yourself or expecting a child with a partner?:

Yes No Don't know/Refuse to answer

24. Have you stayed at least one night in any of the following facilities in your life (check all that apply)?

Foster Care Group Home Jail/detention facility Treatment/health care facility None of these

Observation Tool 2022 SJCoC UNSHELTERED HOMELESS COUNT

If you are unable to survey an individual, use this observation tool

Please indicate why you are using the observation tool:

- Unable to enter a location or site
- Location or site appears unsafe/presents safety concern
- Cannot conduct a survey (person refused to answer questions, language barrier, or other challenges)
- You do not wish to disturb people sleeping
- Other (please explain): _____

Is this person homeless?

Definitely Possibly Not Sure

What is your estimate of this person's age?

Under 18 18 – 24 25 – 65 65+ Not sure

What is this person's gender?

Male Female Not Sure

What is this person's race?

American Indian/Alaska Native Asian
 Black/African American Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
 White Not sure/Other: _____

What is this person's ethnicity?

Hispanic/Latinx Non-Hispanic Not Sure

Other information or identifying characteristics (if possible, please include clothing, hats, accessories, any military or other emblems, other physical characteristics or conditions like tattoos, scars, braces, casts, etc.):

Appendix G: PIT Count Volunteer Organizations (thank you!)

Manteca

West Care San Joaquin Valley Veterans
San Joaquin County
The Salvation Army Stockton Corps
DAO
NAMI CA
United Way of San Joaquin County
Pacific Tigers
Tracy BHS
SJCBS
St. Joseph's Medical Center
Child Abuse Prevention Council of San Joaquin County
El Concilio
Free of Dirt LLC
Community Medical Centers
Gospel Center Rescue Mission

Lodi

West Care San Joaquin Valley Veterans
Vinewood Church
St. John's Episcopal Church, Lodi
San Joaquin County
The Salvation Army Stockton Corps
First Unitarian Universalist Church of Stockton
DAO
El Concilio
NAMI CA
Humphreys University
United Way of San Joaquin County
Celebrate recovery
Pacific Tigers
BHS
LCOH
Lodi Committee on Homelessness
City of Lodi, Community Development department
Gravity Church
Lodi House
Child Abuse Prevention Council of San Joaquin County
Salvation Army Hope Harbor
A New Lodi
Community Medical Centers
Ham Lane Church of Christ

Gracepoint Church
CPFSJ
Community Partnership for Families
Gospel Rescue Center Mission

Tracy

West Care San Joaquin Valley Veterans
San Joaquin County
The Salvation Army Stockton Corps
Tracy Community Connections Center
SJC Health Care Services
DAO
United Way of San Joaquin County
Pacific Tigers
Tracy BHS
SJC BHS
City of Tracy, Homelessness Advisory Committee
Caltrans
El Concilio
Child Abuse Prevention Council of San Joaquin County
Community Medical Centers
La Nueva Rose
Gospel Center Rescue Mission

Stockton

Pastor Ron – Stockton Alliance Church
Reinvent South Stockton Coalition
United Way of San Joaquin County
West Care San Joaquin Valley Veterans
Step Up – Sacramento
San Joaquin County
Stockton Self Help Office
First Unitarian Universalist Church of Stockton
Catholic Charities
SJC Health Care Services
Stockton Shelter for the Homeless
Family Promise of San Joaquin County
Lutheran Social Services
Stockton City Council
Stockton Emergency Food Bank
DAO
New Disciples Baptist/NAACP
NAMI CA
LAZ PARKING

2022 San Joaquin Continuum of Care Point in Time Count Local Report

Celebrate Recovery
Pacific Tigers
Berkeley Food and Housing
Probation Department
CPFSJ
Caltrans
SUSD AREA 2
North Stockton Rotary Club
Rapid Recovery
New Disciples Baptist Ministries
Faith in the Valley
Child Abuse Prevention Council of San Joaquin County
El Concilio
Helping Out People Everyday (HOPE) Ministries
STAND Affordable Housing
Balloons over Bullets
The King and I Outreach
Harvester Farms
City of Stockton
Third City Coalition
CDU SAINT JOSEPHS
Holy Cross United Methodist Church
Bear Creek Church
Calvary Chapel Stockton
Progressive Community Church
Dignity Health
Stockton Police Chaplaincy
Uplift All Foundation
First Presbyterian Church
HAC SJ
Disability Rights California
Gospel Center Rescue Mission

Appendix H: PIT Count Sponsors (thank you!)

San Joaquin County Continuum of Care

United Way of San Joaquin County

San Joaquin County Office of Education

Family Referral and Resource Center / 211

Adventist Health – Lodi Memorial

Dignity Health – St. Joseph’s Medical Center

Stockton Emergency Food Bank

Second Harvest of Greater Valley

San Joaquin County Office of Emergency Services

Gospel Center Rescue Mission

City of Stockton

City of Tracy

City of Lodi

City of Manteca

Health Plan of San Joaquin

Alliance Church Stockton

Tracy Community Connections Center